

bs-0049R**[Primary Antibody]****CASP9 | Caspase-9 Rabbit pAb****Bioss**
ANTIBODIES

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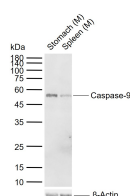
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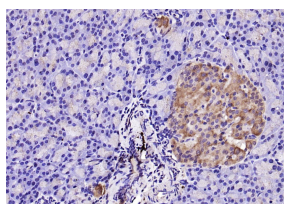
400-901-9800

— DATASHEET —

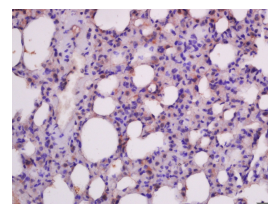
Host: Rabbit	Isotype: IgG	Applications: WB (1:500-2000) IHC-P (1:100-500) IHC-F (1:100-500) IF (1:100-500) Flow-Cyt (1µg/test) ICC/IF (1:100-500)
Clonality: Polyclonal		
GeneID: 842	SWISS: P55211	
Target: CASP9 Caspase-9		
Immunogen: KLH conjugated synthetic peptide derived from human Caspase-9 subunit p35: 11-120/416.		
Purification: affinity purified by Protein A		Reactivity: Human, Mouse, Rat (predicted: Cow, Dog)
Concentration: 1mg/ml		
Storage: 0.01M TBS (pH7.4) with 1% BSA, 0.02% Proclin300 and 50% Glycerol. Shipped at 4°C. Store at -20°C for one year. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles.		Predicted MW.: 35/50 kDa Observed MW.: 52 kDa
Background: Caspase 9 (also known as ICE like apoptotic protease 6 (ICE LAP6), apoptotic protease Mch6, and apoptotic protease activating factor 3 (Apaf3)) is a member of the peptidase family C14 that contains a CARD domain. This caspase is active as a heterotetramer and has been reported to have two isoforms. ProCaspase 9 has been reported to be approximately 47 kD. This caspase is present in the cytosol and, upon activation, translocates to the mitochondria. Caspase 9 is involved in the caspase activation cascade responsible for apoptosis execution and cleaves/activates Caspase 3 and Caspase 6. Caspase 9 is inhibited by the dominant negative isoform, BclXL, cIAP1, cIAP2, XIAP, and Livin. This caspase becomes activated when recruited to Apaf1/cytochrome c complex, and following cleavage by Apaf1, granzyme B, Caspase 3, possibly Caspase 8 and Caspase 10 into large p37 and small p10 subunits. Caspase 9 interacts with BIRC7 and has been shown to cleave PARP and vimentin.		Subcellular Location: Cytoplasm

— VALIDATION IMAGES —

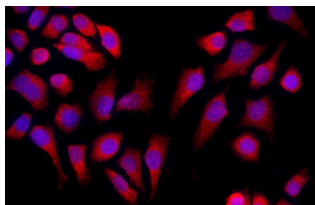
Sample: Lane 1: Mouse Stomach tissue lysates
 Lane 2: Mouse Spleen tissue lysates
 Primary: Anti-Caspase-9 (bs-0049R) at 1/1000 dilution
 Secondary: IRDye800CW Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG at 1/20000 dilution
 Predicted band size: 35/50 kDa
 Observed band size: 52 kDa



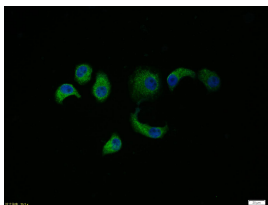
Paraformaldehyde-fixed, paraffin embedded (rat pancreas); Antigen retrieval by boiling in sodium citrate buffer (pH6.0) for 15min; Block endogenous peroxidase by 3% hydrogen peroxide for 20 minutes; Blocking buffer (normal goat serum) at 37°C for 30min; Antibody incubation with (Caspase-9) Polyclonal Antibody, Unconjugated (bs-0049R) at 1:200 overnight at 4°C, followed by operating according to SP Kit(Rabbit) (sp-0023) instructions and DAB staining.



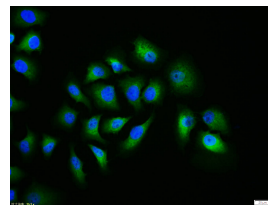
Paraformaldehyde-fixed, paraffin embedded (rat lung); Antigen retrieval by boiling in sodium citrate buffer (pH6.0) for 15min; Block endogenous peroxidase by 3% hydrogen peroxide for 20 minutes; Blocking buffer (normal goat serum) at 37°C for 30min; Antibody incubation with (Insulin like growth factor 1) Polyclonal Antibody, Unconjugated (bs-0014R) at 1:400 overnight at 4°C, followed by a conjugated secondary antibody (sp-0023) for 20 minutes and DAB staining.



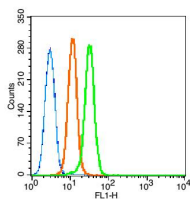
Tissue/cell: MCF-7 cell; 4% Paraformaldehyde-fixed; Triton X-100 at room temperature for 20 min; Blocking buffer (normal goat serum, C-0005) at 37°C for 20 min; Antibody incubation with (Caspase-9) Polyclonal Antibody, Unconjugated (bs-0049R) 1:50, 90 minutes at 37°C; followed by a conjugated Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG antibody (bs-0295G-Cy3) at 37°C for 90 minutes, DAPI (blue, C02-04002) was used to stain the cell nuclei.



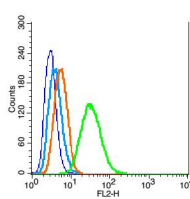
Tissue/cell: HepG2 cell; 4% Paraformaldehyde-fixed; Triton X-100 at room temperature for 20 min; Blocking buffer (normal goat serum, C-0005) at 37°C for 20 min; Antibody incubation with (Caspase-9) polyclonal Antibody, Unconjugated (bs-0049R) 1:100, 90 minutes at 37°C; followed by a FITC conjugated Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG antibody at 37°C for 90 minutes, DAPI (blue, C02-04002) was used to stain the cell nuclei.



HepG2 cell; 4% Paraformaldehyde-fixed; Triton X-100 at room temperature for 20 min; Blocking buffer (normal goat serum, C-0005) at 37°C for 20 min; Antibody incubation with (Caspase-9) polyclonal Antibody, Unconjugated (bs-0049R) 1:100, 90 minutes at 37°C; followed by a conjugated Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG antibody at 37°C for 90 minutes, DAPI (blue, C02-04002) was used to stain the cell nuclei.



Blank control: K562 (blue). Primary Antibody: Rabbit Anti-caspase-9 antibody (bs-0049R, Green); Dilution: 1µg in 100 µL 1X PBS containing 0.5% BSA; Isotype Control Antibody: Rabbit IgG (orange), used under the same conditions; Secondary Antibody: Goat anti-rabbit IgG-FITC (white blue), Dilution: 1:200 in 1 X PBS containing 0.5% BSA. Protocol The cells were fixed with 80% methanol (5 min) and then permeabilized with 0.01M PBS-Tween for 20 min. Primary antibody (bs-0049R, 1µg /1x10⁶ cells) were incubated for 30 min at room temperature, followed by 1 X PBS containing 0.5% BSA + 10% goat serum (30min) to block non-specific protein-protein interactions. Then the Goat Anti-rabbit IgG/FITC antibody was added into the blocking buffer mentioned above to react with the primary antibody at 1/200 dilution for 30 min at room temperature. Acquisition of 20,000 events was performed.



Blank control: RSC96 (blue), the cells were fixed with 2% paraformaldehyde (10 min) and then permeabilized with ice-cold 90% methanol for 30 min on ice. Isotype Control Antibody: Rabbit IgG (orange); Secondary Antibody: Goat anti-rabbit IgG-PE (white blue), Dilution: 1:200 in 1 X PBS containing 0.5% BSA; Primary Antibody Dilution: 1µg in 100 µL 1X PBS containing 0.5% BSA (green).

— SELECTED CITATIONS —

- **[IF=19]** Zhongming Huang. et al. Dual-Functional Sonodynamic Therapeutic Platform for Complete Osteosarcoma Elimination With Synchronized Bone Defect Regeneration. ADV FUNCT MATER. 2026 Feb;;e31043 IF ;Human. 10.1002/adfm.202531043
- **[IF=13.2]** Xue Bai. et al. Human milk exosomal miR-148a-3p targets Casp9 to activate HIF-1 mediated apoptosis and regulate gut-lung axis hypoxic injury: A new insight into innovative infant formula improvement. CHEM ENG J. 2025 Nov;524:169283 WB ;Rat. 10.1016/j.cej.2025.169283
- **[IF=11.508]** Qinyu Ma. et al. Osteoclast-derived apoptotic bodies couple bone resorption and formation in bone remodeling. Bone Res. 2021 Jan;9(1):1-12 WB ;Mouse. 33431863
- **[IF=10.6]** Jia Xueli. et al. Gene editing tool-loaded biomimetic cationic vesicles with highly efficient bacterial internalization for in vivo eradication of pathogens. J NANOBIOECHANOL. 2024 Dec;22(1):1-20 WB ;Acinetobacter baumannii. 39710679
- **[IF=7.7]** Xishuai Tong. et al. Angelica sinensis polysaccharides mitigate cadmium-induced apoptosis in layer chicken chondrocytes by inhibiting the JNK signaling pathway. INT J BIOL MACROMOL. 2024 Oct;;137106 WB ;Chicken.

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