
Mouse ox-LDL

Catalog Number: bs-8574P

Concentration: >1.0 mg/ml

AA Seq: Purified native protein

Activity: Not tested

Endotoxin: Not analyzed

Form: Liquid

Storage: Stored at 2-8°C for 8-20 weeks. Avoid freeze.

Background: Low-density lipoprotein (LDL) is the carrier protein for cholesterol in the blood. LDL binds to its receptor on the capillary walls and thereby mediates the uptake and clearance of cholesterol from the circulation. In atherosclerotic lesions oxidatively modified LDL is found and oxidized LDL is specifically recognized and ingested by macrophages via scavenger receptor A and CD36. Oxidized LDL may be a marker of atherosclerosis but the precise changes in oxidized LDL are not well described. Low-density lipoprotein oxidised with Cu₂SO₄.

PRODUCT SPECIFIC PUBLICATIONS

[IF=11.4] Yang-Xi Hu. et al. Macrophage P2Y₁₂ regulates iron transport and its inhibition protects against atherosclerosis. J ADV RES. 2024 Dec;; . 39674499

[IF=8.3] Yiming Ma. et al. Isoforskolin, adenylate cyclase agonist, inhibits endothelial-to-mesenchymal transition in atherosclerosis. PHYTOMEDICINE. 2025 Feb;;156520 ; . 39986229

[IF=5.1] Wei Jia. et al. Structural Characterization of Polysaccharide from Flammulina velutipes and Its Impact on Hyperlipidemia Through Modulation of Hepatic Cholesterol Metabolism and Gut Microbiota. FOODS. 2025 Jan;14(19):3452 ; . 41097621

[IF=4.6] Song Yabin. et al. Ox-LDL Induces Neuron Apoptosis and Worsens Neurological Outcomes in aSAH via Fas/FADD Pathway. MOL NEUROBIOL. 2025 Apr;;1-14 WB ; Mouse . 40199806

[IF=2.538] Tang Y et al. Long Noncoding RNA TUG1 Promotes the Function in ox-LDL-Treated HA-VSMCs via miR-141-3p/ROR2 Axis. Cardiovasc Ther. 2020 May 29;2020:6758934. Other ; . 32565910